

بقلم الأستاذة الفاضلة

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التربية والتعليم بالجيزة

كان حلما فخاطرا فاحتمالا و أضحى اليوم حقيقة لا خيالا كنا نحلم بإعادة هيبة الدولة المصرية و أمنها و أمانها و إعادة ريادتها من جديدي في القارة الإفريقية و العالم العربي إلا أنه قد تحقق الحلم و أصبح حقيقة ملموسة بمجهودات قائدها و زعيمها عبد الفتاح السيسي الذي راهن على عزيمة عبها و عظمة رجالاتها وقيمة المرأة المصرية وقوة جيشها و جرأة شرطتها فتحقق ما كنا نصبو الية و عاد إسمها يتردد عالياً خفاقاً في كافة المحافل الدلوية و بدأت مشروعات عملاقة تجدد الأمل فينا و نتأر لدماء الشهداء.

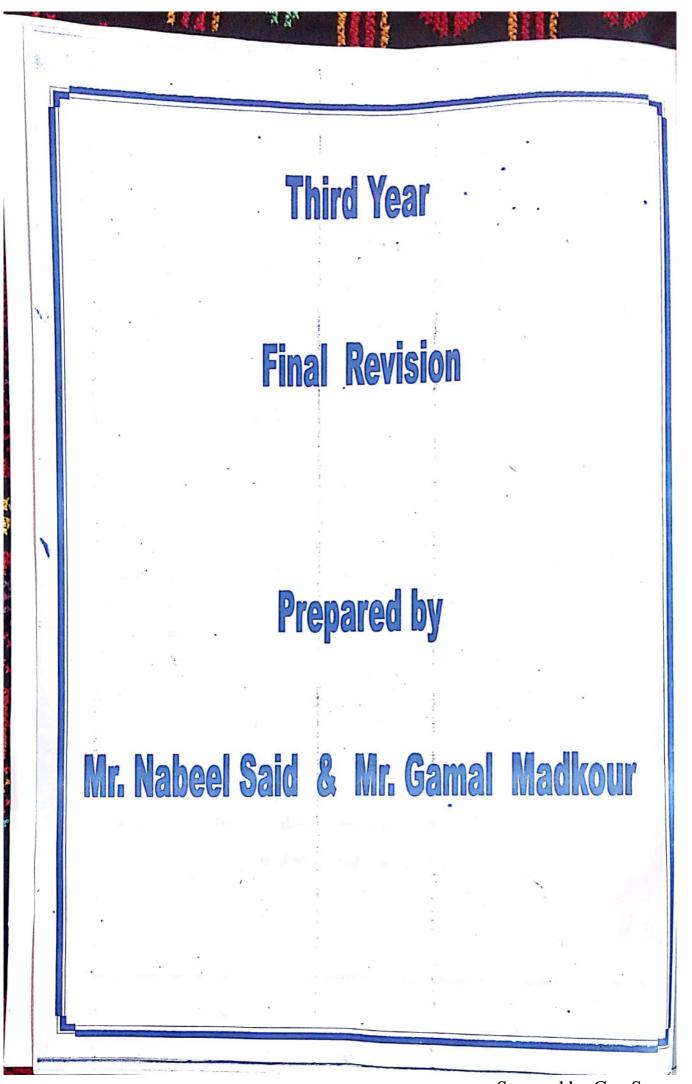
واستكمالا لمعاتى الوطنية و القيادة الرشيدة من أبناء مصر المخلصين فكانت مبادرة معالى الوزير المحافظ محد كمال الدالى داعماً و موجهاً لتقديم خدمات ملموسة للمواطنين فى كافة المجالات الخدمية بالية جديدة و بتكاتف أبناء لجيزة المحبين لترابها فكانت هذه المبادرة الكريمة لدعم العملية التعليمية لطلاب الثانوية العامة من خلال مراجعات كاملة لجميع المناهج الدراسية و ليلة الامتحان تنافس فى تقديمها معلمون أجلاء و موجهون متميزون و شرفاء و حرصت جهات عديدة على توفير سبل الراجة لتنفيذ الخدمة التعليمية لمستحقيها من المجتهدين و المجتهدات من أبناء الجيزة الذين أشرف أنى أعمل لأجلهم من خلال رسالتى التعليمية التى أعتبرها أنبل الرسالات الإنسانية

وختاما .. بكم أيها المعلمون أيها الرسل ستبنى أجيال قادرة على حماية الوطن مناهضة للفكر الإرهابي باحثة عن الجديد رافعة راية الحرية و العزة و الكرامة

وكلى ثقة في أبناء الأهرام وأبناء أول عاصمة لصر القديمة منف سابقاً والبدرشين حالياً

تحيا مصر تحيا مصر تحيا مصر

كرًا للطالبة/ لمسة ناعمة شومان - على التصوير والارسال



Grammar Review:

Future forms

be + going to

decide / decision / intend / intention / plan من النية على دليل المناع على المناع على دليل المناع على المناع عل

There is a dark cloud. It is going to rain.

Watch out! The baby is going to fall.

She's very ill. I'm afraid she's going to die.

Look! This tree is going to fall.

(Look , listen, watch out)

(am, is are + V +ing) المستقبل القريب

arrangements

Visit / travel / meeting - party - coronation

He is travelling tomorrow. He has got a ticket.

تقويم و جدول المواعيد للمواصلات / السينما و المدرسة

ightharpoonupThe train leaves at 8 pm. ightharpoonup My exam is in June.

: المستقدام المستقبل البسيط .shall + inf غالبا مع :

predict - expect ... / sure / think / wonder / hope / believe /

suppose / promise / perhaps / possibly / probably , adv.

if, when / as soon as / after / until

adverbs of frequency غررت المتكار

و هي : الظروف الدالة على التكرار قبل كل الأفعال و بعد to Be - وهي :

never / rarely = seldom / often = frequently /

always / sometimes = occasionally / usually / still

Will be + v + ing المستقبل المستمر will be + v + ing حدث سيكون مستمر في وقت معين في المستقبل

will be driving to Alex this time tomorrow.

Future Perfect - المستقبل التام - will have + p.p by / this time + فترة ستقبلية

حدث سيكون قد يم قبل وقت معين في المستقبل

We will have finished school this time next year.

Choose the correct answer:

- - (will be carried will have been carried)
 - (will carry will have carried)
- 2- I can't meet you at 3.30 tomorrow. Ia football match on TV then.
- (will watch watch will be watching/ watched)
- 3- I can't see you this evaning. I my friends.
 - (will meet am going to meet am meeting / meet)
- 4-|a cup of coffee in the morning when I get up.
- (always have have always had always had had always had)
- 5- By 2012, I three novels. It was a great achievement for me.

(had written - will have written - had been writing - was writing)

Find and correct the mistake

- The building will complete by next year. Will have been
 - 2. I need to get fit, so I have made a decision . I do exercise. The way to
 - 3. I'm probably working abroad. \will
 - 4. There's not a cloud in the sky. I think it will be another warm day tomorrow.
 - 5. The price of phone calls will be reducing by 50%.

reduied

Countable	Uncountable	e
	THE THE PARTY OF T	

العبارات الدالة على المعية و الميقع المقية والمدة الزملية و الثمن و المسافة و الوذن

و درجات الحزارة تُعامل معاملة المفرد , is, does, has, was , فعل

- Ten million pounds is a lot of money. Two hours is a long time to wait.
- Fifty litres of petrol fills my car. Five kilometres is a long way to walk.
- Three one-pound notes are on the desk. کمک (coin / note)

clothes, goods, troops / arms / remains / police / people / cattle

• The policealready arrested her in connection with the robbery.

(have are were had

فعل مفرد / Athletics / politics / gymnastics / mathematics / maths / news economics / statistics / physics / genetics / classics / electronics

Find and correct the mistake

- 1. The police has searched for a criminal and finally caught him. $\sqrt{\alpha}$
- 2. Hurry! there's not many time left. Much
- 3. On my way to work every day, I enjoy being with a cheerful company. Com Panys
- 4. Statistics were my favourite subject at school.

Choose the correct answer:

- 1 A pair of shoes (was has are /is)) very expensive nowadays.
- 2 How.....of Egypt's electricity is produced by High Dam?

much - often - long) (many

- 3- How (much many) coffee do you want ? . Two cups.
- 4- I want to print a page , but the printer queue always refers tojammed.

(papers - a paper - paper - pepper)

5- Ten pounds on the floor of my office. Please collect them. (scattered - was scattered - were scattered - scattering)

Passive language language (التصريف الثالث be+p.p)

. We will build a new bridge here soon.

A new bridge will be built here soon.

*People must keep food in the fridge. Food must be kept in the fridge.

A You ought to clean hands before eating. A hands ought to be cleaned hands before eating.

لاحظ هذه الافعال عند التحويل الى مجهول

Say, report , consider, allege , know , think , understand , expect , believe

فعل + فاعل + be + p.p that + فاعل + في الماضي to have + pp مصدر .be + p.p to + inf [فاعل]

People say that Amin is clever.

It is said that Amin is clever. Amin is said to be clever.

Find and correct the mistake

- 1. Heat and light are come from the sun. Gme
- 2. The wind is driven the blades of the fan. arives
- 3. Peace knows to be constructive. IS Known
- 4. Millions of cars produce by Japanese companies every year.

Choose the correct answer:

1- In many parts of the world, wood.....to heat people's homes and for cooking. (are burnt - is burnt - burns - burnt)

. This is a specific every answer with and runny training in an arms.

- 2- He is known (that he to be to have ____ if he) rich.
- 3- Somebody phoned mother while the dinner......

(cooked - was being cooked - was cooking - cooks)

4- "Did you go to the party?" - No, I (didn't invite - hadn't invited - wasn't invited - invited)

on the Rom of my office, hease collect them.

أعتاد ان يفعل شيء في الماضي و لا يفعله الان Used to

be used to + v + ing معتاد على مصدر + used to + v + ing (عاقل) (غيرعاقل) be used to + v + ing (غيرعاقل)

- He used to stay up late. = He no longer stays up late.
- & Did he use to play in street when he was young?
- & He is used to travelling. He usually travels.

Find and correct the mistake

- 1. I don't use to play computer games, but now I play them occasionally. didn't
- 2. When I was in Alexandria , I am used to going swimming every day. $\forall useb to 50$

Choose the correct answer:

- 1- He didn't use to sleep much but now he (does doesn't did didn't) .
- 2-My brother used to live in Cairo .This means , hethere now.

(still lives - no longer lives - still lived - didn't live)

- 3-The wind is used to (making make make makes) electricity.
- 4- (Has Is Did Does) he use to play with dolls?

Present perfect المضارع التام

has / have + p.p

Since	for	ago ماضي بسيط
بعدها بداية فترة محدد	بعدها فترة غير محددة	قبلها فترة غير محددة

بداية فترة محددة " Since "

Friday - April - 7 o'clock - 1998 - last - birthday - yesterday

نهب و لم يعد gone ذهب ثم عاد been

لاحظ التركيب - ماضى بسيط مثبت + last + فاعل + since + مدة زمنية + lt's

It's ages since I last saw Amin.

Choose the correct answer: 1-They		
(didn't work - haven't worked - hasn't worked - wasn't wasn't wasn't		
Find and correct the mistake		
1. It's a long time since he has written to me. Whole		
2. He has studied English since five years. For 3. He has been to London since 2001. He will come back next week. 9 one		
4. Nobody visited me since last Monday. Mas		
قاعدة لو الاا		
THE TANK THE CONTROL OF THE SECOND OF THE SE		
اده / حقیقه fact عقیقه fact عقیقه fact ا- present probable probable بنیء محتمل probable بنیء محتمل probable بنیء عیر محتمل improbable act بنیء عیر محتمل improbable act بنیء عیر محتمل impossible act بنیء مستحیل impossible impossible بنیء مستحیل impossible act بنیء مستحیل fact بنیء محتمل probable بنیء مستحیل impossible impossible بنیء مستحیل impossible بنیء مستحیل impossible بنیء مستحیل fact بنیء محتمل preset simple بنیء preset simple بنیء محتمل preset simple بنیء preset simple بنیء preset simple بنیء preset simple pres		
► - If you heat water , it boils. If water freezes , it turns into ice.		
▶ If they arrive early, they will catch the bus. (احتمال)		
▶ If you see Majed, tell him to call me. ▶ If the child cries, don't give him any money.		
If I were a bird, I'd fly. / If I had wings, I would fly. غير محتمل		
He was ill , so he did not visit us.		
- If they had taken a taxi, they wouldn't have been late. شنیء مستحیل		
Should, Were, Had If هذه الافعال أول الجمله تساوى		
- If he has enough time, he will watch the football match.		
► Should he have enough time, he will watch the football match.		
* If I were rich, I would help them.		

were = قاعدة آا حالة ثانية مصدر + to + فاعل + Were

If he travelled, he would enjoy. - Were he to travel, he would enjoy.

afivni are

اذا / لو Only if فقط لو Only if فقط لو as long as طالما Provided

Provided that في حالة In the event that في حالة In case بشرط on condition that

sentence , فعل+ فاعل

Without بدون But for In the event of افی حالة In case of

v + ing / noun / , sentence

ينطبق عليها جميع حالات I Unless = Ifnot اذا لم

- If I had not played badly, I would have won.
- Unless I had played badly, I would have won.
- Unless you had helped me, I would have lost my life.
- But for (without) your help, I would have lost my life.

Choose the correct answer:			
2- having enough money, I can buy a car.			
/ Without If (should)			
3- If you to the party, you would have a happy time with us there. (invited - had invited - were invited - had been invited)			
			4-1 Wull t Torgive nim
			(so that - unless - as long as - without)
5- If there is a lot of rain, the rings wider.			
(are - will be - are going to be - would be)			
6- (Will - Did - Can - Would) he understand the lesson if he read the summary?			
7-& If it			
7-& If itin small doses, the drug has no harmful effects.			
(takes - has taken - was taken - is taken)			
Find and correct the mistake			
1. Were he arrived early, he would see us. 1			
2. If I felt tired , I usually go to bed early.			
3. Unless his cleverness, he wouldn't get the prize. without			
4. What will you do if you had much money? Would			
5. The accident wouldn't happen if he hadn't been using his mobile. Wave			
يستخدم الماضى التام ليصف حدث وقع قبل حدث آخر . [16d + p.p. الماضى التام ليصف حدث وقع قبل حدث آخر .			
- The police arrived after the robbers had left.			
THE PONCE OF LIVER OFFER THE LANDELS HAN IGHT.			
ماضی نے htill / until + past perfect ماضی بسیط منفی			
Enter the second of the second			
- He didn't park his car until he had found a place.			
to pregate the selfer.			
ماضی بسیط + had no sooner + p.p. + than + فاعل ماضی بسیط + had + hardly / scarcely + p.p. + when + فاعل			
Icli + had + handly / ananonly + n.n.			
ים אום יום יום יום יום יום יום יום יום יום י			
We had no sooner decorated our new house than we moved into it.			
No sooner had we decorated our new house than we moved into it.			
No sooner did we decorate our new house than we moved into it.			
Immediately on decorating our new house , we moved into it.			
TI OTHER PROPERTY OF THE PROPE			

After \ as soon as	ماضی بسیط had p.p past ماضی تام
Having + p.p	ماضی بسیط had p.p past ماضی تام Ct
	The second secon
فنى بسيط Before = By the time	past perfect ماضی تام الما
اخر سيط او سره سيد	
The Court of the Court	the state of the s
12 1284 Sp 1cm	فتره محدده او ماض بسیط SINCE + PEI-TECT + SINCE ماضی مستمر ماضی بسیط ماضی مستمر ماضی مستمر
+ اثناء During -	noun past ماضی بسیط

+v / nuun + nا]عندما	ng past cont ماضی مستمر
ماضى بسيط When	ماضى مستمر past cuit ماضى بسيط حدثان وقعا في نفس الوقت / ماضى بسيط
ماضى بسيط When	حدث وقع قبل حدث آخر / ماضى تام past perfect
ماضى بسيط When	عدت وقع فيل عدل إحداث المر المصلى عبر Past cont. ماضى مستمر
	يعبر عن had been + v +ing الما

وفعل استمر لفترة قبل حدث اخر

- He <u>had been smoking</u> for 30 years when / before he finally stopped.

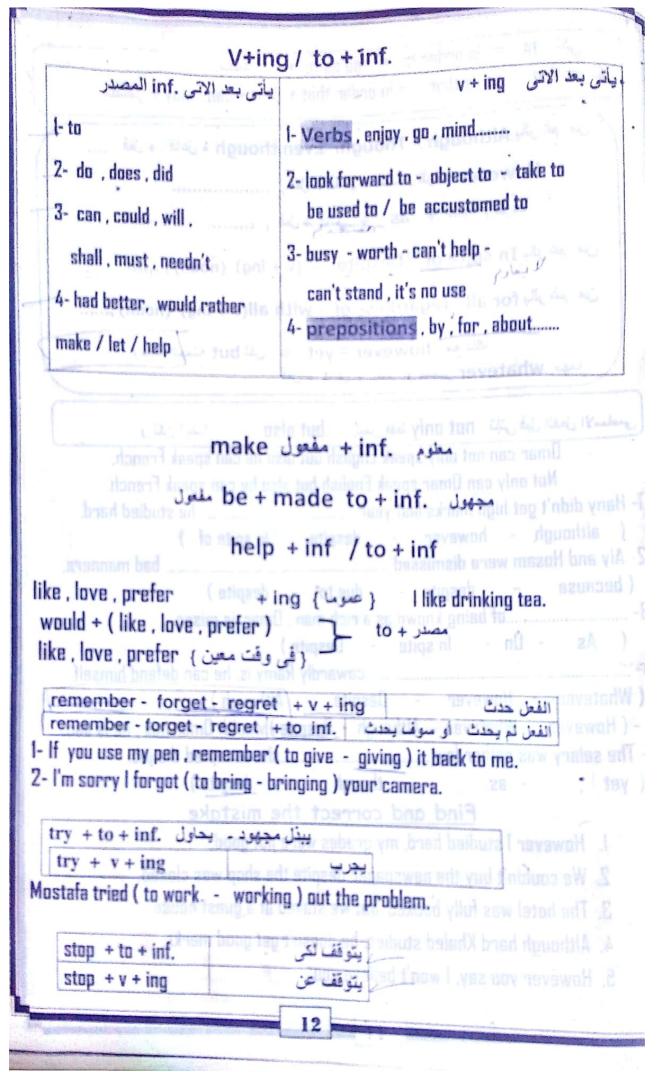
کے الماضی۔ There was a smell of cigarettes because someone had been smoking.

After ماص نام Sefore till مستقبل سبط

Choose the correct answer:	
la How laws	
a) had you waited b) had you been waiting	1.0
c) have you been waiting d) have you waited the car all morning.	E.M. 1
c) have you been waiting d) have you water the car all morning. The car all morning. The car all morning.	-1
2- My clothes were dirty because I	9 /
	nome.
(left - had left - had been leaving - leaving)	
(left - had left - had been leaving - had received - receives)	•
(received - had been receiving - had received - receives)	
	N. atv.
	ed it.
	t).
7- Hadoon had tunnod off the light off the County had acobe had	-44
8- By then , the football match (had begun - began - begins begins	
Find and correct the mistake	
1- No sooner Aly had passed his driving test than he bought a car.	
2- Fatma last ate fish since she was in Alex.	
3- We were working for 3 hours when the storm began.	
4- Youssof was sad because his grandfather leaves him nothing in his will.	That is true
5- Nobody leaves until the meeting had ended.	
Conjunctions	
besides , as well as , in addition to + v+ing \ noun	
15.116	

Last week , I went to the club in addition to the cinema /going to the cinema. Last week , I went to the club in addition I went to the cinema.

```
مصدر + to = in order to = so as to کی
  مصدر + can , may + فاعل + so that = so as that = in order that كر
     .... فعل + فاعل + Although / Though/ Even though بالرغم من
          However فعل + فاعل + صفة / ظرف , .....
            ....... , فعل + فاعل + as + صفة / ظرف
    In spite of /Despite + (v + ing) (noun), .....
    for all= regardless of = with all(v + ing) (noun) ,.....
                 وسط الجمله but لكن = however = yet مع ذلك
      فعل + فاعل + أسم أو ضمير whatever مهما
و لكن ايضا .....but also..... ليس فقط not only تأتى قبل الفعل الأساسى
         Omar can not only speak English but also he can speak French.
         Not only can Omar speak English but also he can speak French.
1- Hany didn't get high marks last year ...... he studied hard.
( although - however - despite - in spite of )
2- Aly and Hosam were dismissed ...... bad manners.
                   despite - due to - despite)
3- .....of being known as a rich man , Omar is miser.
   ( As - On - In spite - Despite)
4- .....cowardly Ramy is, he can defend himself.
(Whatever - However - Despite - Although)
5 - ( However - Whatever - Although - Despite ) wealth Omar has , he is sad.
6- The salary was rather low .....she accepted the job.
                          - though - despite)
 (yet)
              - as
                   Find and correct the mistake
   1. However I studied hard, my grades were not good. At the wah
   2. We couldn't buy the newspaper despite the shop was closed. Se Cause
     3. The hotel was fully booked, but we stayed at a guest house.
     4. Although hard Khaled studies, he doesn't get good marks. Wowever
     5. However you say, I won't believe you. Whatever
```



Choose the correct answer:
1- She was boing exercise, then she standed to the radio news
(natural - LU IISTER - lietaned lietan)
Z 11 og ottos mannen par in nublic
(britished to britishing to entitioning)
D-1 was made management again
(do - to do - to be done - to be doing)
The state of the s
Find and correct the mistake
1. Remember switched riff the lights before you go out, please, to Switch
2. I regret to go to the cinema. It was not a very good film.
3. One loves cook for her family. Ficaching
4. I tried running after the dog , but I was too slow. To Yun
and the second of the second o
Wishing - I wish / If only
يأتي بعدها المماضي الب سط للتعبير عن ندم أق تمنى في المضارع • I do not know where my keys are. = I wish I <i>knew</i> where my keys were.
cannot swim under water. - wish could swim underwater.
عاتي بعدها ماضي تام للتعبير عن ندم أو تمني في الماضي يام للتعبير عن ندم أو تمني في الماضي
1- He is sorry he didn't study medicine at university.
He wishes he <u>had studied</u> medicine at university.
2- He didn't listen to the teacher's advice. He's sorry now. He wishes he had listened to the teacher's advice.
Find and correct the mistake
1. I wish the weather were fine yesterday. That been 2. I wish I will be in Alexandria now. Were
3. I wish the school holidays is longer. Well
Choose the correct answer:
1- I wish Iwhere I left my jacket yesterday.
(know - had known -, have known - knew)
2- I wish I (do - did - done - had done) more revision this year.
3- My friend advised me to see a doctor. I wish Ihis advice now.
(took - take - had taken - have taken)

Modal Verbs must , may , might , can't , mustn't Necessity

must visit my grandparents more often.(It's important to me that I do.)
I must see my doctor tomorrow.

الاستنتاج Deduction

I'm sure he <u>is</u> a doctor. He <u>must be</u> a teacher.

I'm sure he <u>passed</u> the test. He <u>must have passed</u> the test.

I'm sure , he <u>isn't</u> the killer. He <u>can't be</u> the killer.

/m sure he <u>didn't</u> get full mark. He <u>can't have got</u> full mark.

It's *probable* he will arrive. He *may* arrive.

- <u>Perhaps</u> she <u>phoned</u> me. She <u>may have phoned</u> me.

l am very <u>uncertain</u>, she <u>might</u> attend my party.

- I am very uncertain that he passed. He might have passed.

♦ Have to = Need to

♦ تستخدم have to / need to للتعبير عن إلزام مفروض علينا وليس أمامنا اختيار

• If she wants to start her course this year, she has to apply soon.

Mustn't

ه تستخدم Must not / Mustn't للتعبير عن أن شيء ممنوع أو غير مسموح به

♦ Mustn't = (be) not allowed = (be) not permitted to = (be) banned to = (be) prohibited to= (be) forbidden to

•You mustn't smoke in hospitals. = You aren't allowed to smoke in hospitals.

•You aren't permitted to smoke in hospitals. = You are forbidden to smoke.....

Find and correct the mistake

- 1. Perhaps Mona must have gone shopping. madhave
- 2. I must go on the school trip. I haven't decided yet. may
 - 3. You've been travelling all day. You can't be tired. must

Choose the correct answer:

- 1- Magedthe e-mail. I'm sure he did.
 - (must have sent should have sent can't have sent might have sent)
- 2- The criminalhave escaped through that well-locked door.
 - (could can't must may)
- 3- Youtake medicine as soon as you get home. This is very important.
 - (may might can must)
- 4- At my sports club, everyonewear flat shoes. It's an important rule.
 - (has to should have to might)

indirect Study this

فاعل جفعل مساعد + أداة أستفهام

1-He said to me " When do you watch the news?"

فعل + فاعل اداة ربط

He asked me when I watched the news.

2-She said to her friend " I was absent yesterday."

She told her friend that she had been absent the day before.

3-He said " Lam very well now. "

He said that he was very well then.

فعل ماضي +ف عل He said / explained / complained / admitted + that فعل ماضي +

1- I said to my friend "open the door, please".

I asked my friend to open the door.

2- My father said to me "Don't waste your time".

My father advised me not to waste my time.

Find and correct the mistake

- I Ramy said to me if I knew that his sister had been ill. Total a Sked
- 2- Omar told "I am very well now ". Sad Said
- 3- Abdu asked me where had I put the bag the day before. That
- 4- Hayat asked her friend weather she had finished her work.

Weather

Chaosa the correct ensurer:
Choose the correct answer: 1- Aly (wondered - said - said to - told) his son he had bought a car the day before.
2- Can you kindly tell me where?
(is the manager - the manager is - the manager was - was the manger)
3- Manal's parents asked hershe had finished her homework or not.
(weather - if - to)
4- Mennah has just told Aliaa that theyto their friend's wedding tonight.
(would go - have gone - were going - are going)
5- Mary said that they the film the following day.
(will see - would see - had seen - have seen)
appet)
ضمائر الوصل Relatives
The man who / whom / that I lived with was honest.
پر نسبق whom you listen is top of our class (بحرف جر whom you listen is top of our class (تسبق
لا نستخدم حرف جر قبل (who / that) چ Ihe man with whom I lived was honest. ⇒
A Dalia is my friend whose sister lives in London
The villa in which he lives is very nice. 🌲 The villa where he lives is very nice.
The day on which they met was remembered for long.
A The day when they met was remembered for long.
the second secon
Choose the correct answer:
1- The residents stay ended , have to renew it.
(who - whose - that - where)
2- Dr. Esraa used to go with her father to meetings she learned a lot.
(at which - that - whose - at where)
3- Can you suggest a time (who - whose - when - which) you can come to me?
4- I played a long game with my brother,made me very tired.
(which - when - that - who)
The second of th
Find and correct the mistake
1. The man for who my brother works is very friendly. Whome
2. The person who's job is to clean the school is absent today. whose
3. Did you understand that I told you? what
4. The worries from that she suffers are not easy to be get rid of. which
16

Respond to each of the following situations :



|- You think your friend likes horror films but you want to make sure.

You like horror films , don't you?

2- A friend asks you to recommend him a place to visit during holiday.

I recommend Aswan

3 - Your friend thinks that the match was boring, you have another saying.

I think the match was interesting.

4- The teacher asks you which language skills you would like to improve.

I would like to improve reading, writing and istening.

5- A foreign friend asks you about the places of interest in Egypt.

I think the pyramids, Luxor and Aswan.

6. A friend suggests swimming as a good way to keep fit, State اذکر another way
I think running is a good way to keep fit.

7- You persuade or convince نقنع your friend to read a certain book.

It will be nice if you read this book. / You should read this book.

8- A friend is worried about an interview tomorrow.

Suggest a way to make him / her feel better.

Be calm . Take it easy. Be confident كن واثق

9- You ask someone about their qualifications and experience. I and worsh less What are your qualifications and experience?

10- You want to know about your friend's study habits.
Can you tell me about your study habits?

11 - Your brother looks worried , you want to know if he has a problem.

Do you have a problem ? What is the matter?

12- Someone asks where your friend Ali is. You have not seen him for a long time.
You are almost certain he is on holiday.
I am almost certain he is on holiday.

13- A friend is pessimistic about the future of Egypt. You are at the other extreme.

No , I am not pessimistic. I am optimistic about the future of Egypt.

14. You ask a friend whether he or she was a good school student.

Were you a good school student?

15- You hear someone use a word you do not understand. The word is energy What does energy mean? / What is the meaning of energy?

16- A friend wants a job to help poor people. Advise him or her.

I think you should join a charitable organisation?

Mention the place , the speakers and the function in these min-dialogues

1- A: I'd like to extend my visa to stay in Cairo for another week.

B: With pleasure, your passport please.

2- A: Can I help you, sir?

B: Yes, please. I'd like to have these pants and shirts cleaned and pressed.

3- A: I've come to report the theft of my car.

B: How did this happen?

A: I left it in a side street and went shopping.

When I came back, I didn't find it.

4- A : We have to give our English homework in today.

B: I know, but I don't know where my book is.

A: lsn't it in your school bag?

B : No, I think I must have left it at home.

5- A: What time will you be checking out tomorrow?

B: I will leave early to catch my flight.

l'd like a 6 a.m wake up call.

A: Well, you can check out and I will arrange it.

6- A: Please, have a look at our pamphlet. Which tour do you prefer?

B: What do you recommend?

A : I recommend Sharm El Sheikh.

Place: Aliens di Portment

Speaker A:

Function A Realist

Place: QYJClann's

Speaker A: Thy Clen her S

Speaker B : Cartanton of

Function B : De Goldf

Place: Palica Station

Speaker A : Say a. Make

Speaker B : fall (2. m.al)

Function A Lange Clarition t

Place: Sp. School

Speaker A: Stude Int.

Speaker B : (ass mate.

Function B : Port

Place: hotel

Speaker A: Kase pt time est

Speaker B : VES Control

Function A Kicking Lack made in

Place: the Vol. as joiney

Speaker A: Travel agent - Clark

Speaker B : Sittle Gtg.

Function B 225 King in Colonet 101

7- A : I'd like to know what is on today.

8 : It's an action film.

g- A: It's kind of you to come and see me here.

B: I hope you a speedy recovery.

9- A: I see from your C.V. that you have graduated from university in 2001.

B: Yes, that's right.

A: How long have you been working in marketing?

B: For 3 years.

ID- A: Excuse me , madam. May I have a look inside your handbag , please ?

B: What for ?

A: It's only security measures before boarding a plane.

Place : airport

Place: cinema

Speaker A: spectator / viewer / citizen

Function A: ask for information / request

Speaker B : clerk / assistant

Place: hospital

Speaker A: patient

Speaker B: visitor

Function: polite remark

Speaker A: manager

Speaker B: applicant

Function: interview

Place : offic / company

Speaker: A: clerk

Speaker: B: passenger

Function: request & ask

11- A: Welcome back, have you got anything that should be taxed?

B: I've got this video camera. How much should I pay Place : customs جبرك

A: 1500 pounds.

Speaker A: clerk

Speaker B: passenger

Function: inquiry& answer

12- A: Show me the names of customers who phoned.

B : Here they are.

A: O.K. type this letter and send it by fax now.

Place : office

Speaker A: manager

Speaker B : secretary

Function A: request

<u>The Prisoner of Zenda</u>

- 1- In what way is Rassendyll's life similar to Fritz and Sapt's ?
- 2- How did Rassendyll get his red hair and straight nose?
- 3- Why was Rose angry with Rudolf at breakfast?
- 4- Where could Countess Amelia's pictures be seen? Show that Robert had an interest in Countess Amelia.
- to Rassendyll. Explain مدين 5-King Rudolf Elphberg was grateful and felt indebted
- 6- Why did Rassendyll stay in the woods after the fight at the castle?
- to act as a spy for Rassendyll? یرغب to act as a spy for Rassendyll?
- 8- Why was Rassendyll keen on getting the people of Ruritania to like him more than they liked the Duke?
- 9- Why does Rassendyll become good at prtending that he has forgotten rules people he has met?
- 10- How did Max Holf , the brother of Johann, meet his end?
- 11- How did the princess react to Rassendyll recalling that he thought he had no need to worry about society?
- 12-Why do you think Rassendyll told the princess that when he was younger , he thought he didn't need to worry about society?
- 13- How do Sapt and Fritz know that the king is still alive?
- 14-How did Rassendyll prevent people from noticing he wasn't the real King?
- 15- How did the different people of Strelsau feel about the King?
- 16- Why did Rassendyll decide to stop at Zenda and stay at the inn?
- 17-Why did Rassendyll kill Max? Why did Rassendyll say he was forced to kill Max?
- 18) Sapt was always wise enough to take the right decision at the right time.
- 19- How was the old castle of Zenda well defended and how could it be reached?
- 20- Rassendyll and Sapt needed a permit to leave the city. Why ?
- 21- Why did the innkeeper like Duke Michael more than the King?
- 22. Why did the men who came to the lodge have spades with them?
- 23. What did Johann tell Rassendyll about the real king's condition?
- 24. Who is Detchard?
- 25. What did Antoinette tell Rassendyll when he went to the summer house?
- 26. What did Sapt want Rassendyll to do at the ball?
- 27- Why did the King's prison have a large stone pipe leading to the moat?

- 28- How did Sapt react when Rassendyll almost told Princess Flavia the truth of who he was?
- 29- Why did Rupert attack Antoinette?
- 30- Why do you think Michael's servants did not put down their weapons when Rupert told them to?

Quotations

- 1- "The King likes to live well. Let's say he prefers eating to action, but he's a kind man and he's our King. We'd do anything for him."
- a- Who does Fritz say this to? Fritz to Rassendyll.
- b- In what way is the King like the listener?

They both like to live well and not to work.

- c- How does the King's character cause a problem for him that night? He likes to eat too much and he ate a lot of the poisoned cakes.
- 2- " It must have been Duke Michael."
- a. Who deduced that? To whom? Fritz to Sapt and Rassendyll
- b. What must Duke Michael have done? He must have poisoned the king. c. On what occasion was this?

after the kink was poisoned by the cake which Michael sent.

- 3-" Nervous. I'm not made of stone, you know."
 - Rassendyll a- Who said this to Sapt?
 - b- Where were they when this was said? near the train station in Strelsau.
 - c- Why was the speaker nervous?

because people might realise that he was not the real King.

- 4- "Brother, I'm so sorry. I didn't know you were waiting, otherwise I'd have asked you in sooner."
- a- Where were they when Rassendyll said this to Michael?

They were at Princess Flavia's palace.

b- Why didn't Michael go into the room before he was asked?

As no one was allowed to go into the room without the King's permit.

c- Why didn't Rassendyll ask him to come into the room sooner?

He didn't know that Michael needed the King's permit.

- 5- " So do I, but I'm not certain. I'll go to the house tonight."
- a. Who said this and to whom? -- Rassendyll to Sapt
- b-What did the speaker mean by 'So do I'?

Rassendyll believed that Michael must have written that letter.

- c-Which house did the speaker talk about? The summer house
- 6- "You do not know me, but I do not want you to fall into the power of the Duke."
- a- Who wrote these words in a letter? Antoinette de Mauban
- b- Who was the letter addressed to? to Princess Flavia.
- c- What advice did the letter give?

She should not accept any invitation from Michael.

She should not go anywhere without many guards.

- 7- "That will leav" two men alive : you and me. You'll stay as the King and I'll have a reward."
- a- Who said this to Rassendyll? Rupert Hentzau
- b- What was the plan that the person suggested?

he would set the time for an attack on the castle, but Sapt, Fritz, the King and the Duke must all die.

c- Why do you think Rassendyll refused this plan?

As he knew this was morally wrong.

OR because he couldn't trust Rupert.

- 8- "You could have become an ambassador yourself one day! If you don't go, you'll never be anyone important!"
- a- Who said this to Rassendyll? Rose said this.
- b- Where did the person want him to go and why?
- to Ruritania to work for Sir Jacob, the British ambassador
- c- Why didn't Rassendyll want to do what the person wanted?
- as it would cause problems because he looked so much like the King.
- 4- "So , you'd prefer to hunt animals than do your duties in the Capital?"
- a-Who said this to whom? Princess Flavia to Rassendyll.
- b-When did the person say this?

when Rassendyll was going to Zenda to hunt Michael.

14- "But you can't say that in public, can you?

Because then people would know you've kidnapped the real King."

a-Who said this to whom? Rassendyll to Rupert Hentzau.

b-What couldn't those people say in public?

that Rassendyll wasn't the real King.

c-What was the only way for Michael to become King?

to kill the King and kill Rudolf Rassendyll and marry Flavia.

15- "You know the game's not finished yet, and until it is, I will choose my own name."

a-Who said this to whom? Rassendyll to Rupert Hentzau.

b-When was this said?

when Rupert went to Rassendyll at Tarlenheim to give him a message.

c-Why did the speaker say the game hasn't finished?

Rupert asked Rassendyll to stop pretending that he was the King as they knew who he was.

Answers

1- Rassendyll was an officer in the Queen's army. Fritz and Sapt were officers for the King , so they would understand each other well.

2- From his grandmother Countess Amelia who had married a member of the Ruritanian royal family, Elphbergs who were famous for red hair and straight nose.

3. because Rudolf didn't want to work or have any responsibilities.

4- He had paintings of her on the walls of his house.

5. Rassendyll taught him what a true king should be.

Rassendyll saved the king from Michael who wanted to kill him.

6- because he was injured and he didn't want anyone to see him because people would think he was the King.

7-As he didn't like the Duke , he worked for him because he was afraid.

8- He thought that if there was a fight between him and the Duke, the people would support him.

9- He always made mistakes as he was a pretend king . He has to do this so that people will still think he is the real King.

10- Rassendyll killed him while sleeping in the boat near the pipe.

11- She was surprised.

12- Because he thought that he was himself , Rudolf Rassendyll.

13- Three of Michael's men were in the castle , The drawbridge was kept up and no one could enter the castle without the permission of Michael or Rupert.

14- When he made mistakes , He pretended that he forgot.

15- The poor people didn't like the king but the rich people liked the king.

16- becayse all hotels were full because of the coronation day.

17- as it was war and Max was an enemy , he worked for Michael.

18- When the King was unconscious فاقد الوعي , Sapt persuaded Rassendyll to take the place of the King in coronation.

19- It was surrounded by a most of water and it could be reached only by a drawbridge.

20- on coronation day, no one was allowed to leave the city without a permit.

21- as Michael always lived in Ruritania and cared about the people.

The King was only interested in hunting , good food and travelling.

22. to bury Josef's body.

23. He was very ill and they had to move quickly to save the king.

- 24. an Englishman who was one of Duke Michael's six men.
- 25. She told him Michael's plan about killing him there.
- 26- to ask Princess Flavia to marry him.
- η to put down the king's body into the most after killing him.
- 78- He was angry but told Rassendyll someone wanted to see him.
- 29. because he learnt that she wrote letters to Rassendyll.
- 30- because they were angry that Rupert killed the Duke.

Translate into Arabic

/- All religions call for peace, mercy and peaceful co existence and reject violence fanaticism, extremism and terrorism.

تدعو كل الأديان الى السلام والرحمة والتعايش السلمي و نبذ العنف و التعصب و التطرف و الأرهاب

2- A lot of countries are expected to face water shortage. Egypt is among those countries that will suffer from lack of water. Some of the Nile Basin countries are building dams over the Nile to generate electricity that will probably reduce the third of Egypt's share of water.

من المتوقع ان تعانى كثير من الدول نقص فى مصادر المياة و مصر من بين هذه الدول التى سوف تعانى من قلة المياة. تقيم بعض دول حوض النيل السدود لتوليد الكهرباء مما سوف يخفض ثلث نصيب مصر من الماء

3- Co-operation among nations of the world will result in spreading peace and security. All countries should help each other to improve the living conditions of their people.

يؤدي التعاون بين الدول إلى نشر السلام والأمن. ويجب على تلك الدول مساعدة بعضها البعض لتحسين مستوى معيشة الشعوب.

4- Today we live in a global village where news and information move very quickly from north to south. Thanks to the computer and the internet, we become acquainted with what happens in the world while we are at home.

نعيش الآن في قرية عالمية حيث تنتقل الأخبار والمعلومات بسرعة هائلة من الشمال إلى الجنوب وذلك بفضل الكمبيوتر والانترنت أصبحنا على علم بما يحدث في العالم أثناء جلوسنا في البيت.

Translate into English



، من الطبيعي أن تكون لمصر علاقات قوية مع كل الدول لأنها دولة رائدة في كل المجالات.

It is normal for Egypt to have strong relations with all countries because it is a pioneering country in all fields.

١- يجب علينا ترشيد الاستهلاك في المياه والكهرباء والطعام وذلك لمواجهة ارتفاع الأسعار المتزايد كما المستهلاك في المياه والكهرباء والطعام وذلك لمواجهة ارتفاع الأسعار المتزايد

We have to rationalize consumption of water, electricity and food to face the increasing rise in prices.

٣- ان الإرهاب ليس الوسيلة المناسبة لفرض وجهات النظر ولكن الحوار الموضوعي هو الذي يؤدي الى حلول مثالية لمشاكلنا في المجتمع.

Terrorism isn't the right means to impose view-points but it is the objective dialogue that leads to ideal solutions to the problems in society.

٤- يرفض الشعب المصرى بأسره الارهاب والعنف وقتل الأبرياء.

The entire Egyptian people reject terrorism, violence and the killing innocent people.

٥- إن موقع مصر الجغرافي المتميز و آثارها الرانعة جعلها واحدة من أهم الدول السياحية في العالم.

Egypt's geographical location and its wonderful monuments made it one of the most important tourist countries in the world.

٦- تعتبر قناة السويس أعظم ممر ماني بين الشرق والغرب، ولقد أصبحت مصدرا هاما للدخل القومي.

The Suez Canal is the createst water way between East and west. It has become an important source of national income.

٧- ان استصلاح و زراعة الصحراء سوف يساعد في حل مشكلة الزيادة السكانية.

Reclaiming and cultivating the desert will help to solve the problem of over-population.

٨- يعتبرنهر النيل شريان الحياة بالنسبة لمصر لذلك نقول ان مصر هي هبة النيل

The Nile is the blood stream for Egypt so we say that Egypt is the gift of the Nile

١٦- يهدف التعليم الي خلق مواطن مصري قادر على مواجهة تحديات الحياة الحديثة.

Education aims at creating an Egyptian citizen able to face the challenges of modern life.

Gener

Respo

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2) ME

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B:

A: 1

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3. Th

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5- M

6- A

7- G

	AB REPUBLIC OF EGYPT Ministry of Education			
A SPECIAL CANADAS	General Secondary Education Certificate Examination, First Foreign language			
	Respond to each of the following situations: You are asked about your marital status. I am Single 7- Your friend suggests spending the weekend outdoors. You have a different idea. 3- A tourist asks you if you mind showing him around the city. You agree. 4-When you think that something is not true. No. New add.			
	2) Mention the place, the speakers and the language function (4 marks)			
	Place : Speaker A : Speaker B			
	a) who b) whom c) whose d) from whom 2-I remember			

8- It was so dark			could see my son.
a) that	b) but running you	c) though	d) because
9	running VOI	ır business is hard	work , it is enjoyable
a) However	b) Because of	c) Despite	d) Although
10- At the weekend	, my aunt asked me w	hat I	since we last met
a) did	b) was doing	c) have done	d) had been doing
11- They were inten	ested	hear ah	nut life in Eavot.
a) in	b) on -	a) for	d) to
17- There was spec	tw	Lon our toom work?	he football match
12. Howarts a serv	b) imprisonment	c) excitement	u) attacimient
in the wrote a rept	ort .an	some investmen	IS.
1/4 Aighe's	b) to	c) about	<u>a) on</u>
14-Alsna's parents	asked hersh	e had finished her h	iomework or not.
a) weather	b) where	c) if	d) whether
ia- i nave felt really	y tired today ,	I went to	bed early last night.
a) because	b) sa	c) despite	d) although
in- i nobe that by th	he end at next week, a	ur roof will have hee	n
a) repair	b) repairing	c) repaired	d) repairs
			1.00
/ F: 1.1			f _k
4- Find the mistake	in Six Only of the followent to do no method	wing sentences, the	en write it correctly.
The mare beable	Maiir in an Sailletulud	, the cheapest it wi	become Charler
2. The good news a	re that my sister had	twin hahv nirls	15
3. My parents pay of	radual visits to my so	thool to most t-	13
4 My benthen had a	and adverted to my at	mon in meet wy te	achers. Regulet
5 The Phis	good educated , he w	ent to one of the bi	est universities.
a. The Uninese built	the Great Wall of Chi	na to keep the ride:	rs out. Voidave
5. The Chinese built the Great Wall of China to keep the riders out. raiders 6. I feel boring when I have nothing to do. Pored			
7. On hear the good news Ahmed phoned his areas			
7. On hear the good news, Ahmed phoned his parents. heaving			
8. Teachers and supervisors belong to the teaching confession. Procession			
Maria de la compansión			1 (5)
	1		
	1		4 1 1
•			

5- Read the following passage then answer the questions. (4 Marks) Mr. Tarek used to travel by train and always liked more comfort. So, when he got into a train he used to put his suitcase on the seat beside him and pretend it belonged to another passenger who had gone to buy something. One day he did this when the train was very crowded. Other passengers came and sat on the other seats, except the one that his suitcase was lying on. Then, an old man arrived, looked at Mr. Tarek's suitcase and said, " Is this somebody's seat?" "Yes", answered Mr. Tarek. "A friend of mine is travelling with me, and he has gone to buy a newspaper. He will return soon." Mr. Tarek opened the window and looked out to make the old man think that he was anxious about his friend. "All right", said the old man. " I will sit here until your friend comes back, and then I'll stand somewhere". Mr. Tarek could say nothing and all the other passengers were watching and listening. Several minutes passed, the whistle blew, and the train began to move. Mr. Tarek's friend did not come back. The old man jumped and said, " I'm sorry, your friend seems to have missed the train. We don't want him to be separated from his suitcase. So, I'll throw it out of the window". A) Answer the following questions : 1- Whom did the suitcase belong to? 2- Find a word from the passage which have the same meaning as broken apart. 3- What does the underlined word "it" refer to? B-Choose the correct answer: 4-On that day, there werepeople on the train. a- a lot of b- only c- few d- hardly any 5- Mr. Tarek put the suitcase on the seat beside him to...... a- book the seat for his friend. b- sit comfortably c- comfort his suitcase d- book the seat for the old man D - The Prisoner of Zenda 7) A- Answer the following questions: 1- Show that Robert had an interest in Countess Amelia? -We had walkaget in partalles on theart who 2-What was Marshal Strakencz?

3-What did the three men do once they opened the door of t	he summer house?		
"property the the sent set Diggerales			
4- What happened at the lodge during the coronation?			
tony telled good to be an prod the	- Ving		
B) Read the following quotations then answer the questions:			
"It must have been Duke Michael."			
a. Who deduced that? To whom did he/she pass their deduct	ion?		
b. What must Duke Michael have done?			
c. Why did the speaker mention the Duke in particular?			
Find the mistake in Two Only of the following sentences and correct it: (2 marks) 1- Johann's mother told Michael's men what had happened in the palace somehow. 2- Fritz told Rassendyll the history of the King before entering Strelsau.			
8-Write a naragraph of about 100 wards are over our			
8-Write a paragraph of about 100 words on ONE Only of topics :			
" The advantages of the internet"	(6 Marks)		
" School is not the only source of learning "			
F- Translation	/ E M - L - \		
9) A. Translate into Ai abic:	(5 Marks)		
There are many things to be said in favour of technological at	dvancement		
it unuoubtedly makes people's lives easier. Without modern	technology the world		
means so a mach har der place to live In.			
B. Translate into English:	الاعلى ام السكولوجيا		
لوحيد لتحقيق الرفاهية والتقدم لأى أمة.	١- العلم والعمل هما السبيل َ		
لاحتياجات الخاصة بطريقة تشجعهم على الاندماج في المجتمع.	٢- يجب علينا معاملة ذوى ا		
30			